

STUDENT WORKBOOK

for

SHABBOS

Melacho of Threshing

1 How was the melacha of dosh traditionally done?

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2 How is that same melacha done today?

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3 What is the general principle of the melacha of threshing?

- Extracting any natural growing substance from that which encases it.
- Beating any natural material with sticks called flails.
- Operating any sort of tool or machine that harvests and prepares the grain.

4 Explain why peas may be removed from an edible pod, but may not be removed from an inedible pod?

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5 What is the halacha if both the inner and outer part of a fruit are edible?
Explain your reasoning.

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6 How does halacha view peeling a banana or shelling a nut?

- Because the peel or the shells are inedible, it is a full fledged act of threshing and not permitted.
- Because the peel or the shells are typically only removed just before eating it is an act of eating and is permissible.
- Because the peel or the shells are discarded it is an act of borer and not permissible.

7 Name four fruits that you are not allowed to squeeze because of the melacha of dosh?

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8 Explain two permissible ways to add lemon to tea on Shabbos.

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9 What is the reason it is permissible to squeeze a lemon onto salad on Shabbos?

- It is very unusual to squeeze lemon onto a salad, therefore, it is permissible.
- Any liquid that comes into a solid is considered like a solid therefore it is permissible.
- Lemons in general are permissible to be squeezed on Shabbos.

10 List five non-food items and the reasons they are prohibited to squeeze on Shabbos.

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11 Milking a cow in the normal way on Shabbos will be prohibited because of

However, leaving a cow without being milked would be forbidden

because of

12 What are four ways that it is permissible to milk a cow on Shabbos?

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